WI 38 VA13 subline 2RA

300421

GENERAL INFORMATION

Description

The WI-38 VA13 subline 2RA, derived from the historic WI-38 cell line originally sourced from the lung tissue of a 3-month-old fetus, represents a key advancement in cell culture technology. The original WI-38 cell line was crucial in developing vaccines for numerous viral diseases, such as measles, mumps, rubella, and hepatitis A. The VA13 subline 2RA is an immortalized variant of this cell line, achieved through transformation with Simian Virus 40 (SV40), a practice common in the development of immortal cell lines which allows for indefinite cell replication beyond the standard senescence point of about 50 population doublings.
The incorporation of SV40 into the WI-38 cells to create the VA13 subline 2RA extends the cells' lifespan, providing a more durable model for long-term experiments. This transformation maintains the fundamental properties of the original diploid cells but alters their lifecycle and growth patterns, enabling sustained growth and facilitating extensive studies that were not possible with the finite lifespan of the parent cell line. This makes the VA13 subline particularly useful in ongoing and extensive research areas, including virology, pharmacology, and genetic research, where extended observation periods are necessary.

Tissue	Lung

Synonyms

- WI 38 VA-13 subline 2RA
- WI 38VA13 subline 2RA
- WI-38 VA13 sub 2 RA
- WI38-VA13 subline 2RA
- WI38 VA13/2RA
- WI38VA13/2RA
- VA13 2RA
- WI-38 VA13
- WI 38 VA 13
- WI38-VA13
- WI38/VA13
- WI38VA13
- VA-13
- VA13
- AG07217
- AG7217

CLASSIFICATION

Organism	Human
Sex	Female
Growth properties	Adherent
Biosafety level	2

CHARACTERISTICS

Morphology	Epithelial-like
Cell type	Fibroblast

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Karyotype

Hyperdiploid, Modal number: 73-78

IDENTIFIERS

Citation

WI 38 VA13 subline 2RA (Cytion catalog number 300421)

NCBI TaxID	9606
Cellosaurus	CVCL_2759

EXPRESSION AND SUSCEPTIBILITY

Isoenzymes

G6PD, B

Viruses

Contains Papovavirus

Virus susceptibility

Herpes simplex, vesicular stomatitis (Indiana), poliovirus 2

Reverse transcriptase	Negative

HANDLING AND CULTURE

Culture medium

EMEM (MEM Eagle), w: 2 mM L-Glutamine, w: 2.2 g/L NaHCO3, w: EBSS (Cytion article number 820100a)

Incubation atmosphere	37°C, 5% CO_2, humidified atmosphere.

Supplements

Supplement the medium with 10% FBS

Dissociation reagent	Accutase

Subculturing

Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium.

Seeding density	1 x 10^4 cells/cm^2
Fluid renewal	1 to 2 times per week
Post-thaw recovery	After thawing, plate the cells at 5 x 10^4 cells/cm^2 and allow the cells to recover from the freezing process and to adhere for at least 48 hours.

Thawing and culturing

Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

QUALITY CONTROL AND CRYOPRESERVATION

Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.
To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.

Freeze medium	As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

Storage conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about −150 to −196 °C. Storage at −80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Shipping conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately −78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

DONOR

Donor age	3 months gestation
Ethnicity	Caucasian

LEGAL AND SAFETY

Safety precautions

When planning to store a cryovial in liquid nitrogen for future thawing, it is mandatory to adhere to stringent safety measures. Appropriate protective gloves and clothing are essential, and the use of a face mask or safety goggles is required during the transfer of frozen samples to or from the liquid nitrogen tank. This is to mitigate the risk of injury from potential cryovial explosions upon removal, which can result in the projection of sharp fragments.

Warranty

At Cytion, we stand behind the quality and viability of our products.
We guarantee that our cells will be viable at the start of culture for
60 days after shipment from our facilities.
We assure that all materials conform to the specifications described in the
Certificate of Analysis and/or Product Sheet.
For full details, please refer to our
Warranty Statement.

Material Transfer Agreement required	Yes