# IOSE-80

305453

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Description

The IOSE-80 cell line is a non-tumorigenic cell line derived from normal human ovarian surface epithelium. It serves as a critical control in studies investigating ovarian cancer, as it provides a baseline to compare the behavior of cancerous cells. IOSE-80 cells have been utilized in research exploring the differential expression of genes in normal versus cancerous ovarian tissue. For instance, studies comparing IOSE-80 with ovarian cancer cell lines such as SKOV-3 and COC1 have identified significant upregulation of specific genes related to immunity and ferroptosis in cancerous cells, demonstrating distinct molecular profiles.
One notable characteristic of IOSE-80 cells is their response to various treatments and experimental conditions aimed at understanding mechanisms of proliferation and drug resistance in cancer cells. These cells have been employed as a control to assess the cytotoxicity of compounds and to evaluate the selective anti-cancer effects of agents. For example, flavonoid compounds like myricetin have been shown to inhibit proliferation and induce apoptosis in ovarian cancer cell lines while exhibiting no significant cytotoxic effects on IOSE-80 cells, indicating the non-cancerous nature and resilience of the IOSE-80 line.
Overall, IOSE-80 is a valuable model for studying the baseline behavior of healthy ovarian epithelial cells and serves as a comparative reference in understanding the changes that lead to malignancy in ovarian cancer. This makes it integral to research on novel treatments, drug screening, and investigations into the molecular mechanisms underpinning ovarian cancer development.

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| **Tissue** | Ovary |
| **Disease** | Normal |

### Synonyms

- IOSE 80
- IOSE80
- NFHIOSE-80
- IOSE80UBC
- IOSE-Van
- IOSE-VAN

## CLASSIFICATION

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| **Organism** | Human |
| **Sex** | Female |
| **Growth properties** | Adherent |
| **GMO status** | GMO-S1 |

### GMO status details

GMO-S1: This human IOSE-80 ovarian epithelial line contains an SV40 T-antigen construct for immortalization and ovarian epithelium research. This classification applies only within Germany and may differ elsewhere.

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| **Biosafety level** | 1 |

## CHARACTERISTICS

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| **Morphology** | Epithelial-like |
| **Cell type** | Epithelial cell |

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## IDENTIFIERS

### Citation

IOSE-80 (Cytion catalog number 305453)

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| **NCBI TaxID** | 9606 |
| **Cellosaurus** | CVCL_5546 |

## HANDLING AND CULTURE

### Culture medium

RPMI 1640, w: 2,1 mM stabiles Glutamin, w: 2,0 g/L NaHCO3 Medium (Cytion 820700a)

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| **Incubation atmosphere** | 37°C, 5% $CO_2$, humidified atmosphere. |

### Supplements

Supplement the medium with 10% FBS

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| **Dissociation reagent** | Accutase |

### Subculturing

Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium.

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| **Seeding density** | 2-4*10^4/cm² |

### Thawing and culturing

Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

## QUALITY CONTROL AND CRYOPRESERVATION

### Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.
To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.

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| **Freeze medium** | As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress. |

### Storage conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about −150 to −196 °C. Storage at −80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

### Shipping conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately −78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

## DONOR

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| **Donor age** | Unspecified |
| **Ethnicity** | Unspecified |

## LEGAL AND SAFETY

### Safety precautions

When planning to store a cryovial in liquid nitrogen for future thawing, it is mandatory to adhere to stringent safety measures. Appropriate protective gloves and clothing are essential, and the use of a face mask or safety goggles is required during the transfer of frozen samples to or from the liquid nitrogen tank. This is to mitigate the risk of injury from potential cryovial explosions upon removal, which can result in the projection of sharp fragments.

### Warranty

At Cytion, we stand behind the quality and viability of our products.
We guarantee that our cells will be viable at the start of culture for
60 days after shipment from our facilities.
We assure that all materials conform to the specifications described in the
Certificate of Analysis and/or Product Sheet.
For full details, please refer to our
Warranty Statement.

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| **Material Transfer Agreement required** | Yes |