NUGC-3

305503

GENERAL INFORMATION

Description

NUGC-3 is a human gastric carcinoma cell line derived from the primary tumor of an patient with poorly differentiated adenocarcinoma. This cell line serves as an important model for studying gastric cancer, a malignancy characterized by high heterogeneity and poor prognosis in advanced stages. NUGC-3 cells are widely utilized in cancer biology research, particularly in the areas of tumor progression, metastasis, and the evaluation of novel therapeutic agents targeting gastric cancer.
NUGC-3 cells exhibit epithelial morphology and are adherent under standard cell culture conditions. These cells carry genetic and molecular alterations associated with gastric adenocarcinoma, including mutations in key oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes. Researchers have leveraged this cell line to investigate signaling pathways critical to tumor growth, such as the dysregulation of EGFR, HER2, and other receptor tyrosine kinase pathways, as well as the epithelial-mesenchymal transition (EMT) process, which plays a role in cancer invasion and metastasis.
This cell line is also suitable for studies on chemotherapeutic resistance, as gastric cancer frequently develops resistance to standard treatments. NUGC-3 cells are employed in drug screening assays to test the efficacy of cytotoxic agents, targeted therapies, and combination treatments. Additionally, they provide a robust platform for exploring tumor-stroma interactions and the role of the tumor microenvironment in gastric cancer progression. As such, NUGC-3 remains a valuable resource for advancing gastric cancer research and therapeutic development.

Tissue	Stomach
Disease	Gastric adenocarcinoma
Metastatic site	Brachialis muscle

Synonyms

- NUGC3
- NU-GC-3
- Nagoya University-Gastric Cancer-3

CLASSIFICATION

Organism	Human
Sex	Male
Growth properties	Adherent
Biosafety level	1

CHARACTERISTICS

Morphology	Fibroblast-like

IDENTIFIERS

Citation

NUGC-3 (Cytion catalog number 305503)

NCBI TaxID	9606
Cellosaurus	CVCL_1612

Cytion GmbH
Nikola-Tesla-Str. 3
69124 Heidelberg
Tel: +49 (0)6221 405780
info@cytion.com
cytion.com

Registered office Heidelberg
VAT ID: DE283292917
Local court Mannheim - HRB 714394
CEO / Geschäftsführer: Jonathan Steubing

Banking information
Sparkasse Heidelberg
IBAN: DE35 6725 0020 0009 2076 86
BIC: SOLADES1HDB

EXPRESSION AND SUSCEPTIBILITY

Mutational profile

Mutation: TP53; Simple; p.Tyr220Cys (c.659A>G), Unspecified

HANDLING AND CULTURE

Culture medium

RPMI 1640, w: 2.0 mM stable Glutamine, w: 2.0 g/L NaHCO3 (Cytion article number 820700a)

Incubation atmosphere	37°C, 5% CO_2, humidified atmosphere.

Supplements

Supplement the medium with 10% FBS

Dissociation reagent	Accutase

Subculturing

For routine adherent cell culture: Aspirate the old culture medium from the adherent cells, and wash them with PBS to remove any remaining medium. After aspirating the PBS, add the appropriate volume of Trypsin/EDTA solution based on the culture vessel size (e.g., 1 ml for a T25 flask, 3 ml for a T75 flask) and incubate at room temperature or 37°C until the cells detach (5-10 minutes). Monitor detachment under a microscope, and gently tap the vessel if necessary to release the cells. Once detached, add complete medium to inactivate the Trypsin/EDTA, gently resuspend the cells, and transfer an aliquot of the cell suspension into a new culture vessel containing fresh medium. Place the vessel in an incubator set to 37°C with 5% CO_2, and change the medium every 2-3 days.

Seeding density	2-4*10^4/cm²

Thawing and culturing

Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

QUALITY CONTROL AND CRYOPRESERVATION

Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.
To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.

Freeze medium	As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

Storage conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about −150 to −196 °C. Storage at −80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Shipping conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately −78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

DONOR

Donor age	72 years
Ethnicity	Japanese

LEGAL AND SAFETY

Safety precautions

When planning to store a cryovial in liquid nitrogen for future thawing, it is mandatory to adhere to stringent safety measures. Appropriate protective gloves and clothing are essential, and the use of a face mask or safety goggles is required during the transfer of frozen samples to or from the liquid nitrogen tank. This is to mitigate the risk of injury from potential cryovial explosions upon removal, which can result in the projection of sharp fragments.

Warranty

At Cytion, we stand behind the quality and viability of our products.
We guarantee that our cells will be viable at the start of culture for
60 days after shipment from our facilities.
We assure that all materials conform to the specifications described in the
Certificate of Analysis and/or Product Sheet.
For full details, please refer to our
Warranty Statement.

Material Transfer Agreement required	Yes

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