HCC-LM3

305504

GENERAL INFORMATION

Description

The HCC-LM3 cell line is an established model for studying hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC), particularly due to its high metastatic potential. This cell line has been instrumental in uncovering mechanisms related to tumor proliferation, migration, and treatment resistance. Research on HCC-LM3 cells has revealed their involvement in exploring drug responses and the molecular pathways influencing cancer aggressiveness. For example, circular RNA circMRPS35 has been shown to play an oncogenic role in HCC-LM3, promoting cell proliferation, migration, invasion, and chemoresistance, particularly to cisplatin. Mechanistically, circMRPS35 functions by sponging microRNA-148a-3p, leading to the upregulation of Syntaxin 3 (STX3), which modulates phosphatase and tensin homolog (PTEN) stability through ubiquitination and degradation.
In addition, studies have identified significant metabolic shifts in HCC-LM3 cells that correlate with tumor growth and survival. This cell line, along with other HCC models, demonstrates marked alterations in glucose and lipid metabolism, which support rapid tumor proliferation and are considered hallmarks of liver cancer. Research employing single-cell RNA sequencing has illuminated how metabolic heterogeneity within hepatocyte subpopulations impacts prognosis and therapeutic outcomes. Notably, metabolic pathway analyses in HCC-LM3 have been essential for identifying potential biomarkers and therapeutic targets for improved clinical strategies.

Tissue	Liver
Disease	Adult hepatocellular carcinoma
Metastatic site	Lung

Synonyms

- HCCLM-3
- HCC-LM3
- LM3
- MHCC-LM3
- MHCCLM3

CLASSIFICATION

Organism	Human
Sex	Male
Growth properties	Adherent
Biosafety level	2

CHARACTERISTICS

Morphology	Epithelial-like
Cell type	Epithelial cells

Karyotype

Hypotriploid karyotype; Average chromosome number: 55-58

IDENTIFIERS

Citation

HCC-LM3 (Cytion catalog number 305504)

Cytion GmbH
Nikola-Tesla-Str. 3
69124 Heidelberg
Tel: +49 (0)6221 405780
info@cytion.com
cytion.com

Registered office Heidelberg
VAT ID: DE283292917
Local court Mannheim - HRB 714394
CEO / Geschäftsführer: Jonathan Steubing

Banking information
Sparkasse Heidelberg
IBAN: DE35 6725 0020 0009 2076 86
BIC: SOLADES1HDB

NCBI TaxID	9606
Cellosaurus	CVCL_6832

EXPRESSION AND SUSCEPTIBILITY

Protein expression

Albumin+, CK8+

Antigen expression

HBsAg-

Oncogenes

AFP+, P53-, P16+, nm23-

Mutational profile

Mutation: BRD7, p.Glu277Glyfs*18 (c.830_831delAG); Mutation: KEAP1, p.Pro445Glnfs*13 (c.1334delC); Mutation: TP53, p.Glu51Ter (c.151G>T)

Viruses

Transformant: Hepatitis B virus (HBV)

HANDLING AND CULTURE

Culture medium

DMEM, w: 4.5 g/L Glucose, w: 4 mM L-Glutamine, w: 3.7 g/L NaHCO3, w: 1.0 mM Sodium pyruvate (Cytion article number 820300a)

Incubation atmosphere	37°C, 5% CO_2, humidified atmosphere.

Supplements

Supplement the medium with 10% FBS

Dissociation reagent	Accutase

Subculturing

Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks.
Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium.

Thawing and culturing

Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

QUALITY CONTROL AND CRYOPRESERVATION

Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.
To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.

Freeze medium	As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

Storage conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about −150 to −196 °C. Storage at −80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Shipping conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately −78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

DONOR

Donor age	39 years
Ethnicity	Chinese

LEGAL AND SAFETY

Safety precautions

When planning to store a cryovial in liquid nitrogen for future thawing, it is mandatory to adhere to stringent safety measures. Appropriate protective gloves and clothing are essential, and the use of a face mask or safety goggles is required during the transfer of frozen samples to or from the liquid nitrogen tank. This is to mitigate the risk of injury from potential cryovial explosions upon removal, which can result in the projection of sharp fragments.

Warranty

At Cytion, we stand behind the quality and viability of our products.
We guarantee that our cells will be viable at the start of culture for
60 days after shipment from our facilities.
We assure that all materials conform to the specifications described in the
Certificate of Analysis and/or Product Sheet.
For full details, please refer to our
Warranty Statement.

Material Transfer Agreement required	Yes