JHH-2

305768

INFORMAÇÕES GERAIS

Descrição

JHH-2 is a human hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) cell line established from an ascites metastasis of a 56-year-old Japanese male patient. The line grows as an adherent monolayer with spindle-shaped cell morphology. JHH-2 harbors a TP53 p.His83Tyr heterozygous mutation affecting the transactivation domain of p53, which impairs wild-type p53 transcriptional activity and is associated with reduced apoptotic responses to DNA damage. This mutation, combined with the metastatic ascites origin of the line, makes JHH-2 a relevant model for studying advanced, metastatic HCC biology.
JHH-2 is applicable in hepatocellular carcinoma research, including studies of HCC cell invasion and migration, TP53 mutation-associated phenotypes, resistance to sorafenib and other targeted agents, and evaluation of novel therapeutic strategies against advanced HCC. The ascites origin suggests an aggressive, metastatic phenotype, making JHH-2 suitable for studies of HCC dissemination and the biology of liver cancer with acquired p53 dysfunction. It is also used as a xenograft model in immunocompromised hosts.
JHH-2 is maintained as an adherent culture in Williams' E medium supplemented with 10% FBS (originally 10%, subsequently 2% FCS after 5 years; alternative: MEM + 10% FBS). Cells are subcultured using 0.02% EDTA + 0.25% trypsin. Recommended seeding density is 1×10^5 cells/cm². Doubling time is approximately 33–150 hours depending on conditions.

Tecido	Metastatic
Doença	Adult hepatocellular carcinoma
Local da metástase	Ascites (metastatic)

Aplicações

Hepatocellular carcinoma research; HCC invasion and migration; TP53-mutant HCC biology; sorafenib resistance; advanced HCC modeling; xenograft studies; liver cancer drug evaluation

Sinónimos

- Jhh-2
- JHH2

CLASSIFICAÇÃO

Organismo	Humano
Sexo	Masculino
Propriedades de crescimento	Aderente
Estatuto em matéria de OGM	Sem OGM

Detalhes sobre o estatuto dos OGM

No genetic modification; wildtype cell line

Nível de biossegurança	1

CARACTERÍSTICAS

Morfologia	Spindle-shaped
Tipo de célula	Hepatocyte-like
Tempo de duplicação	150 hours ; 60.12 hours ; 35-70 hours , ~2 days , ~33 hours , ~59 hours

IDENTIFICADORES

Referência

JHH-2 (Cytion catalog number 305768)

Número de identificação fiscal do NCBI	9606
Cellosaurus	CVCL_2786

EXPRESSÃO E SUSCETIBILIDADE

Perfil mutacional

Mutation: p.His83Tyr, Heterozygous

MANUSEAMENTO E CULTURA

Meio de cultura

Williams'E medium with 10% fetal calf serum originally and later 2% FCS is used for 5 years. (alternative MEM 90% + FBS 10%)

Atmosfera de incubação	37°C, 5% CO_2, humidified atmosphere.

Suplementos

Supplement the medium with 10% FBS (or 2% FCS for long-term passage)

Reagente de dissociação	0.02% EDTA + 0.25% Trypsin
Rácio de divisão	1 to 3
Renovação de fluidos	Every 2 to 3 days

Descongelamento e cultura

Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
Centrifuge the mixture at 200 x g for 5 minutes, carefully discard the supernatant containing freezing medium.
Follow the procedure described under Post-Thaw Recovery

CONTROLO DE QUALIDADE E CRIOPRESERVAÇÃO

Meio de congelação	As a cryopreservation medium, we use complete growth medium + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability.

Condições de armazenamento

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about −150 to −196 °C. Storage at −80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Condições de envio

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately −78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

DOADOR

Idade do dador	56Y

Etnia	Japanese

ASPECTOS LEGAIS E DE SEGURANÇA

Precauções de segurança

When planning to store a cryovial in liquid nitrogen for future thawing, it is mandatory to adhere to stringent safety measures. Appropriate protective gloves and clothing are essential, and the use of a face mask or safety goggles is required during the transfer of frozen samples to or from the liquid nitrogen tank. This is to mitigate the risk of injury from potential cryovial explosions upon removal, which can result in the projection of sharp fragments.

Garantia

At Cytion, we stand behind the quality and viability of our products.
We guarantee that our cells will be viable at the start of culture for
60 days after shipment from our facilities.
We assure that all materials conform to the specifications described in the
Certificate of Analysis and/or Product Sheet.
For full details, please refer to our
Warranty Statement.

É necessário um Acordo de Transferência de Material	Yes

DETALHES DO PRODUTO

Tabela de composição